# AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY JANUARY 9, 2006 AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY APRIL 4, 2005

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE—2005–06 REGULAR SESSION

# ASSEMBLY BILL

No. 827

# **Introduced by Assembly Member Goldberg**

February 18, 2005

An act to amend Section—94838 94831 of the Education Code, relating to private postsecondary education.

#### LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 827, as amended, Goldberg. Private postsecondary education: instruments of indebtedness: tuition loans consumer credit regulations.

# **Existing**

(1) Existing law, known as the Private Postsecondary and Vocational Education Reform Act of 1989, generally sets minimum standards of instructional quality, ethical and business practices, health and safety, and fiscal responsibility for private postsecondary and vocational educational institutions, as defined. The act establishes the Bureau for Private Postsecondary and Vocational Education, which, among other things, is required to review and investigate all institutions, programs, and courses of instruction approved under the act. A provision of the act renders it inoperative on July 1, 2007, and provides for its repeal on January 1, 2008.

An existing provision of the act prohibits a private postsecondary or vocational institution *that is subject to the act* from enforcing a note, other instrument of indebtedness, or contract relating to payment for educational services unless, at the time of the execution of the note, instrument, or contract, the institution has a valid approval to operate

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under the law and the note, instrument, or contract meets other specified requirements taking any of various specified actions or from failing to comply with federal requirements relating to the disclosure of information to students regarding vocational and career training programs. A violation of this provision is punishable as a crime.

This bill would also prohibit a private postsecondary or vocational institution that is subject to the act from enforcing a tuition loan, as defined, unless these specified requirements are met failing to comply with a specified federal regulation relating to the notices required to be continued in a consumer credit contract, thereby imposing a state-mandated local program by creating a new crime.

(2) The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

This bill would provide that no reimbursement is required by this act for a specified reason.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: no-yes.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

- 1 SECTION 1. Section 94831 of the Education Code is 2 amended to read:
- 94831. No institution, or representative of that institution, shall do any of the following:
  - (a) Operate in this state a postsecondary educational institution not exempted from this chapter, unless the institution is currently approved to operate pursuant to this chapter. The eouncil bureau may institute an action, pursuant to Section 94955, to prevent any individual or entity from operating an institution in this state that has not been approved to operate pursuant to this chapter and to obtain any relief authorized by that section.
  - (b) Offer in this state, as or through an agent, enrollment or instruction in, or the granting of educational credentials from, an institution not exempted from this chapter, whether that institution is within or outside this state, unless that agent is a natural person and has a currently valid agent's permit issued pursuant to this chapter, or accept contracts or enrollment applications from an agent who does not have a current permit as

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required by this chapter. The <u>council</u> bureau, however, may adopt regulations to permit the rendering of legitimate public information services without a permit.

- (c) Instruct or educate, or offer to instruct or educate, including soliciting for those purposes, enroll or offer to enroll, contract or offer to contract with any person for that purpose, or award any educational credential, or contract with any institution or party to perform any act, in this state, whether that person, agent, group, or entity is located within or without this state, unless that person, agent, group, or entity observes and is in compliance with the minimum standards set forth in this article and Article 7 (commencing with Section 94850), if it is applicable, the criteria established by the council pursuant to subdivision (b) of Section 94773, and the regulations adopted by the council pursuant to subdivision (c) of Section 94773.
- (d) Use, or allow the use of, any reproduction or facsimile of the Great Seal of the State of California on any diploma.
  - (e) Promise or guarantee employment.

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- (f) Advertise concerning job availability, degree of skill and length of time required to learn a trade or skill unless the information is accurate and in no way misleading.
- (g) Advertise, or indicate in any promotional material, that correspondence instruction, or correspondence courses of study are offered without including in all advertising or promotional material the fact that the instruction or programs of study are offered by correspondence or home study.
- (h) Advertise, or indicate in any promotional material, that resident instruction, or programs of study are offered without including in all advertising or promotional material the location where the training is given or the location of the resident instruction.
- (i) Solicit students for enrollment by causing any advertisement to be published in "help wanted" columns in any magazine, newspaper, or publication or use "blind" advertising that fails to identify the school or institution.
- (j) Advertise, or indicate in any promotional material, that the institution is accredited, unless the institution has been recognized or approved as meeting the standards established by an accrediting agency recognized by the United States

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Department of Education or the Committee of Bar Examiners forthe State of California.

- (k) Fail to comply with federal requirements relating to the disclosure of information to students regarding vocational and career training programs, as described in Section 94816.
- (l) Fail to comply with Part 433 commencing with Section 433.1 of Title 16 of the Code of Federal Regulations as it exists on January 1, 2007, and as it is amended from time to time thereafter.
- SEC. 2. No reimbursement is required by this act pursuant to Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California Constitution because the only costs that may be incurred by a local agency or school district will be incurred because this act creates a new crime or infraction, eliminates a crime or infraction, or changes the penalty for a crime or infraction, within the meaning of Section 17556 of the Government Code, or changes the definition of a crime within the meaning of Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California Constitution.

SECTION 1. Section 94838 of the Education Code is amended to read:

94838. (a) No note, other instrument of indebtedness, or contract relating to payment for educational services shall be enforceable by any institution within or outside this state governed by this chapter, and no tuition loan shall be enforceable, unless at the time of execution of that note, other instrument of indebtedness, tuition loan, or contract, the institution has a valid approval to operate pursuant to this chapter.

- (b) No note, other instrument of indebtedness, or contract relating to payment for educational services shall be enforceable by any institution within or outside this state governed by this chapter, and no tuition loan shall be enforceable, unless the agent, who enrolled persons to whom educational services were to be rendered or to whom degrees or diplomas were to be granted pursuant to this chapter, held a valid agent's permit at the time of execution of the note, other instrument of indebtedness, tuition loan, or contract.
- (c) Any school or institution governed by this chapter extending credit or lending money to any person for tuition, fees, or any charges whatever for educational services to be rendered

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or furnished shall cause any note, instrument, or other evidence of indebtedness taken in connection with that loan or extension of that credit to be conspicuously marked on the face thereof with the following notice:

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### "NOTICE

ANY HOLDER OF THIS CONSUMER CREDIT CONTRACT IS SUBJECT TO ALL CLAIMS AND DEFENSES THAT THE DEBTOR COULD ASSERT AGAINST THE SELLER OF GOODS OR SERVICES OBTAINED PURSUANT HERETO OR WITH THE PROCEEDS HEREOF, RECOVERY HEREUNDER BY THE DEBTOR SHALL NOT EXCEED AMOUNTS PAID BY THE DEBTOR HEREUNDER."

In the event the school or institution fails to do so, it shall be liable for any damage or loss suffered or incurred by any subsequent assignee, transferee, or holder of that evidence of indebtedness on account of the absence of that notification.

- (d) Notwithstanding the presence or absence of the notification described in subdivision (e), and notwithstanding any agreement in which the student waives the right to assert any claim or defense, the school or institution making that loan or extending that credit and the transferee, assignee, or holder of that evidence of indebtedness, shall be subject to all defenses and claims that could be asserted against the school or institution that was to render or furnish those educational services by any party to that evidence of indebtedness or by the person to whom these educational services were to be rendered or furnished up to the amount remaining to be paid thereon.
- (e) Institutions that participate in federal student assistance programs and that comply with the financial disclosure and notification requirements for those programs shall be deemed to be in compliance with the standards prescribed by this section.
- (f) (1) For the purposes of this section, "tuition loan" means a loan that the creditor knows, at the time the loan is made, is to be used, in whole or in part, to finance all or a portion of the tuition, fees, or charges for educational services that are subject to this chapter.

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(2) The creditor shall be deemed to know that the tuition loan is to be used, in whole or in part, to finance all or a portion of the tuition, fees, or charges for educational services under any of the following circumstances:

- (A) The loan application or other documents in the creditor's possession before the loan is made indicate that any loan proceeds will be used to pay for tuition, fees, or charges for educational services subject to this chapter.
- (B) The creditor distributes any loan proceeds to a school or institution that is subject to this chapter.
- (C) The school or institution arranges or guarantees the loan, or receives from the creditor a commission, brokerage fee, or referral fee.
- (D) The creditor knows, or by the exercise of reasonable care has reason to know, that the school or institution participates in the preparation of the student's application for credit or other loan documents, or transmits the student's application for credit or other loan documents to the creditor.
- SEC. 2. If any provision of this act or the application thereof to any person or circumstance is held to be unconstitutional, the remainder of the act and the application of that provision to other persons and circumstances shall not be affected thereby